

GREEN, ENVIRONMENT & ENERGY AUDIT REPORT: 2020 - 2021



28th January 2022

Certificate

This is to certify that we have conducted a Green Environment & Energy Audit for the Academic Year 2020-2021 at the **Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering (SVCE)** located in Pennalur Village, Sriperumbudur Taluk, Kancheepuram District, Tamil Nadu

The audit broadly covered the following components in the campus,

- Biodiversity Aspects of Campus
- Solid Waste, Hazardous Waste and Bio-Medical Waste Management
- Water and Waste Water Management
- Operations of Sewage Treatment Plant Facilities (STPs)
- Rain Water Harvesting Facilities
- Renewable Energy/Energy Conservation Aspects
- Transportation Facilities and Carbon Footprint Reduction
- Green Campus/Environmental Promotional Initiatives

The activities and management of various components mentioned above have been verified and found satisfactory. The efforts taken by the management, faculty and students towards Environmental Protection and Sustainability are highly appreciated and commendable.

For Eco Services India Pvt. Ltd.,

Dr.P.Kalaiselvan

Accredited EIA Coordinator (NABET)

Declaration

I hereby declare and certify that this audit report is prepared by a team of our in-house accredited experts based on their visits to the campus and physical verification of records. I hereby confirm that I have applied complete due diligence on my part in ascertaining the appropriateness of the information furnished in this audit report.

For Eco Services India Pvt. Ltd.,

Dr. P. Kalaiselvan

Accredited EIA Coordinator (NABET)

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1.0 Introduction

1.1. About SVCE

SVCE College of Engineering (SVCE), managed by Sri Venkateswara Educational and Health Trust (SVEHT) is the one of the pioneer engineering institution in the state inaugurated to foster the academic community since its inception in 1985. The institution implements Engineering programmes to promote research, to disseminate knowledge, to exchange of ideas between the academic community & industrial organizations and to develop entrepreneurship skills among students. It strives to achieve academic excellence along with the harmonious development of personality of students for the nearly 4 decades.

SVCE spread over on the 95 acres vast lush green campus located at the Pennalur Village i.e at the western outskirts of Chennai. The campus houses in architecturally exquisite buildings with ample infrastructure such as Laboratories, Workshops, Faculty Rooms, Office, Conference Hall, Dispensary, Technology Innovation Centre, Staff Quarters, Guest House, Open Air Auditorium, Library, Canteen, Hostels, Swimming Pool, RO Plant, Gymnasium, Indoor Sports Facility and Play Grounds.

1.2. Environmental Framework of Institution

SVCE prioritizing their Environmental Consciousness and sustainability have framed an Exclusive Environmental & Green Policy to be adopted by the institution to achieve the objectives. In order to evaluate their objective, the Green & Environment Audit shall be conducted in every Academic year. Hence, SVCE has engaged Eco Services India Private Limited to evaluate, audit and report the Environmental Management & sustainability initiatives and efforts practiced by the institution.

The audit also reviews the extent to which the campus activities are in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards pertaining to the environmental entirety of the campus. In addition, the specific Environmental objectives of the audit were evaluated to ensure the Environment Sustainability Framework of the institution is in place.

2.0 Audit Framework

The Audit Team understood the scope of work done and framed the below audit Framework in the following steps.

Step 1: Audit Planning

- Identification Key areas and elements of concern under each areas.
- Arrived with the Tailor made Checklist in line with the process of institution

Step 2: Methodology Adopted

- Physical inspection to the campus
- On site Verification of the Environment Management system
- Interaction with faculties & students
- Review of relevant documents, records & manual

Step 3: Audit Reporting

- Capture of detailed audit findings
- Discussion on observation & non conformances
- Suggestion of positive aspects and opportunities

3. Audit Findings

The Audit Findings against each area/ aspects were evaluated and enlisted in the below table. The supporting documents & detailed information about the Environmental Management Measures and other initiatives is appended as Annexure formats.

Table 3.1 Detailed Audit Findings:

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation
	 To inculcate a strong sense of commitment and responsibility among students and members of faculty to follow an eco-friendly lifestyle and habits. To make students aware of the sustainability goals at the 	 The faculties and other staffs were mindful about their responsibilities in adopting and encouraging Environmental & sustainable practices. Student cum faculties were involved environmental initiatives taken place in the campus An Environmental Committee incorporating faculties & students is in place.
Environmental Policy	micro and macro level and to strength their participation and involvement to promote and implement sustainability goals.	 Committee advices & overviews the environmental and sustainability practices of the institution. Students informed that Environmental Science (GE5251) is part of their curriculum that inculcates environmental consciousness among them.
	To advance governance regarding environmental compliance and employ methods to reduce the waste and conserve energy and water conservation.	 Encouraging the students and faculties to follow 3R (Reduce, Reuse & Recycle) policy. Waste being generated from the campus is treated and reused within the campus itself.
	To improve the biodiversity of the campus.	 Lush greenbelt was envisaged around the periphery of the campus. 20 – 30 years deep-rooted Trees were seen and maintained Flowering species & Non Flowering shrubs planted added the aesthetics to the campus.

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation
		Nectar yielding species planted to attract insects and butterflies.
		2 Micro Habitats were created to habit different forms of insects,
		Squirrels and birds
		Fleet of butterflies around the shrubs was naturally seen
		Water Bowls & Feeder Boxes were fastened/placed under in trees
		to cater the birds & pets.
		(Photographs of flora and Fauna attached as Annexure I)
		Consistent practices such as avoiding Single Use Plastics, Lush green
		belt maintenance, solar energy utilization, operation of In-situ STP
	• To be recognized as Eco	& Bio Gas Plant, Opting common vehicles etc. is evident that
	friendly and green campus.	campus striving to be Eco friendly and Green Campus.
		Campus Declared as a Plastic Free Zone.
		Reuse of treated sewage about (88 KLD) for green belt maintenance
		Photovoltaic Panels of 35 KW was installed over the Terrace in one
	Utilization of Solar Energy	of Academic blocks. The Photographs of solar panel is enclosed as
		Annexure - II)
		All the lighting Fixtures inside the Admin Block, New Library Block,
	Use of LED Bulbs/ energy	Canteen and in some Hostel Blocks are LED types.
Energy Conservation	saving Fixtures	It is informed that eventually all the CFL Lamps are being replaced
		with LED fixtures.
		E – vehicles facility could not be seen in the campus
	Transportation & Carbon	Students & staffs were encouraged to opt of common/ college bus
	Footprint Reduction	services To minimize the travel carbon foot print.
		Proposal for Battery Vehicles was reviewed and discussed.

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation		
		Fuel Free - Material handling carts employed to save fuel		
		The Photographs of transportation services is enclosed herewith as		
		Attached as Annexure - III		
		Institution operates a Bio gas Plant (35 Cu.m capacity) to treat the		
	Die ges 9 other alternative	food waste.		
	Bio gas & other alternative fuels	Bio gas storage cylinders available for reuse in Kitchens was seen.		
	rueis	The Photographs of Bio gas plant components enclosed as		
		Annexure - V		
		Huge Rain water harvesting pond observed at the site. (4 MLD)		
	Rain Water Harvesting	Internal storm drains were constructed to have their outfall to the		
		Pond.		
	Recycling of treated sewage/ water	Excess storm runoff collected was stored, treated and reused for		
		Flushing & gardening purposes.		
		Exclusive WTP can be seen for the storm runoff treatment.		
Water Conservation	Water Quality	 Water Treatment Plant (200 KLD) was operated to treat the raw water. The Photographs of WTP enclosed as Annexure IV Reports from NABL Accredited labs were reviewed and quality of water samples are well within the ISO 10500:2015 standards. 		
	Water Distribution system	Drinking Water are bottled in Water Dispenser bottles and dispatched to classrooms and all other amenities.		
Waste Management	Municipal Solid Waste Management	Campus tends to be a Plastic Free Zone		

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation
All cay Aspect	E-waste management	 Tri color Bin – Collection System near the entry/exit of can be found near Blocks, Canteens & common areas. Workers stated that Organic Waste generated is treated in Bio gas plant. A wing of ITC Limited collects the recyclable waste i.e paper, plastics etc. in the campus. Bio Gas flow records, Appreciation Letter from ITC Limited was reviewed and found effective. The Bio gas plant Photographs attached as Annexure – III An agreement with TESSAM recyclers is in place and valid. Separate Room stacked with E waste components CPU, Monitors etc is inspected. The MOUs & Photos of E Waste Handling storage room attached in Annexure – VII.
	Hazardous Waste Management	The Spent lube oil derived from DG sets is stored separately.
Air Emissions & Control	Stack Emissions	Exhaust Stack connected to for 3 Nos. of Diesel Generator sets. Stack Height is in line with CPCB Norms and Consent issued.
Waste Water Management	Treatment options available	 Conventional Activated Sludge Process Based STP is seen under operation. Tertiary Treatment systems Ultra Filtration installed to increase the quality of treated sewage.
	Waste water Quality	Month wise STP Outlet Sample Test Reports was reviewed.

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation
		Reviewed Lab Reports shows that the Treated Sewage meets the Types to
		TNPCB Norms.
		Environmental Committee framed combining students & faculties.
		The Hierarchy chart with Qualification was verified.
		Institution has created the active CARE Eco club conducting
		activities.
Green Campus &	Environmental awareness	Tree Sapling plantation programs has been conducted during the
Environment Initiatives	workshops	month of July & January 2021 to create environmental awareness.
Livii oiiiileit iiitiatives	Workshops	Institution is regularly conducting Seminars and awareness
		programmes to highlight the principle of Sustainability in every
		seminars & programs
		The Photos & list of activities carried out to promote environmental
		awareness can be seen in Annexure – X.
		Environmental Clearance from State Environment Impact
		Assessment Authority dated 29.04.14 is available and reviewed.
		Consent To Operate under Air & Water Acts is obtained from Tamil
Statutory Compliance	Complaince with the Statutory	Nadu Pollution Control Board on 07.08.2017 valid till 31.03.2022.
Statutory Compilance	Requirements.	Hazardous Waste Authorization obtained under Hazardous and
		Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules,
		2016 from Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board on 16.08.2017 and
		valid till 15.08.2022.

Area/Aspect	Objectives/Scope	Audit observation on Implementation
COVID'19 Protocols	Prevention & Management in	 Students, Faculties & staffs were seen with Face masks on. SOP to prevent COVID'19 Spread towards Reopening of College was reviewed and its implementation verified.
COVID 13 HOLOCOIS	spread of COVID'19	 Hands Free Sanitizer Access were found in all blocks of the Campus. Social Distancing in Canteens, ATMs can be seen. Procedure to deal with COVID Contracted patients was discussed and ensured.

4.0 Summary of the findings:

The overall importance given to Environment Management Plan is appreciable. Following are the suggestions for improvement.

- COVID Management Plans is in place and the same shall be followed strictly as per the applicable Rules
- Electric Vehicles shall be procured.
- Shall encourage the students and faculties to opt for Bicycles/EV's/ Public Transport/Common Transport once in a week towards reduction of per capita carbon emission.

Annexures

Annexure I Bio Diversity:

The educational Institution Campus has already planted adequate numbers of saplings all along the periphery and inside the campus, roadways and available open spaces. The major aim of greenbelt development plan is to attenuate air pollutants released into the environment but it can also help in overall improvement in the environmental conditions of the campus.

Floral Diversity:

The plan will address the following issues such as attenuation of air pollution, noise reduction, improving the biodiversity of the region, adding aesthetics and combating soil erosion and prevention of land degradation.

A well designed green-belt helps in intercepting particulate matter and gaseous pollutants and helps in purifying the air. Trees acts as effective barrier and absorber of noise. The green belt around the campus acts as an indicator in the event of release of gaseous emission by visible morphological changes in the leaves, stem etc.

To accrue the benefits of greenbelt and to maximize its potential in environmental management around the campus, choice of the green belt tree and shrub species plays a vital role. About 1400 nos. of trees and 450 nos. of Shrubs are planted and the details of trees and shrubs species are furnished below.

List of tree species planted:

S.No.	Common Name Botanical Name		Tamil Name
1.	Royal poinciana	Delonix regia	Sengonrai Maram
2.	Fishing rod tree	Pterospermum	Taddaemarum
		suberifolium	
3.	Flame of the forest	Butea monosperma	Kincukam
4.	Trumpet/ Yellow	Stereospermum colais	
	Snake tree		

5.	Ceylon ebeny tree,	Diospyros ebenum	Karingali
	East Indian Ebony		
6.	Jodpakli	Dimorphocalyx	Thenthukk
		glabellus	
7.	Seashor	Pongamia pinnata	Pongam
	Mempari, Pongam,		
	Indian Beech		
8.	Alexandrian laurel	Calophyllum	Punnnai
		inophyllum	
9.	Indian lilac	Azadirachta indica	Malai vembu
10.	Rain Tree	Samanea saman	Seema vaagai
11.	Banyan	Ficus benghalensis	Aalam
		benghalensis	
12.	Fig tree	Ficus glomerata	Atthi maram
13.	Strangler fig		
14.	Noni	Morinda tinctoria	Nuna maram
15.	Neem	Azadirachta indica	Vembu
16.	Indian bael	Aegle marmelos	Vilva maram
17.	Tamarind tree	Tamarindus Indica	Puliyamaram
18.	Rosy trumpet tree	Tabebuia rosea	Vasantharani Tree
19.	Royal Palm	Roystonea regia	Panamaram
20.	Fishtail Palm	Caryota urens	Panamaram
21.	Table palm	Livistona Rotundifolia	Panamaram
22.	Areca palm	Dypsis lutescens	Date Palm
23.	Date palm	Phoenix dactylifera	Date tree
24.	Copperpod	Peltophorum	Perungondraii
		pterocarpum	maram
25.	Ironwood tree	Cassia Siamea	Sinnakennai
26.	Casuarina	Casuarina	Savukku maram
		junghuhniana	
27.	Zebra wood	Guettarda speciosa	Panneer maram
28.	Devils Tree	Alstonia scholaris	Ezilai aalai
29.	Kadam	Neolamarckia	Kadamba maram
		cadamba	
30.	Malabar Neem	Melia dubia	Malai Vembu
31.	Teak	Tectona grandis	Thekku
		•	t

		Terminalia bellirica	Than-dri.
33.	Golden Shower,	Cassia fistula	Sarakondrai
	Indian Laburnum		
34.	Indian cork tree	(Millingtonia hortensis	Mara malli
35.	Cannon Ball Tree	Couroupita guianensis	Nagalinga maram
36.	Indian ash tree	Lannea coromandelica	Othiyan maram
37.	Malabar plum	Syzygium cumini	Naval maram
38.	Bullet Wood	Mimusops elengi	Makila maram
39.	Butter tree	Madhuca longifolia	Iluppai maram
40.	Mango tree	Mangifera indica	Maa amram
41.	Bastard poon tree	Sterculia foetida	Pootha karapaan
42.	Peacock flower fence	Adenanthera pavonina	Annai kundrimani
43.	Indian laurel	Terminalia elliptica	Neer mathi
44.	Sea almond	Terminalia catappa	Badam tree
45.	Gooseberry tree	Phyllanthus emblica	periya nelli maram
46.	Indian rock fig	Ficus arnottiana	Kallala maram
47.	Notched Leaf	Sapindus emarginatus	Poovandikottai
	Soapnut		Maram
48.	Mahogany	Swietenia macrophylla	Mahogany
49.	Orchid tree	Bauhinia variegata	Mantharai
50.	Orchid tree	Bauhinia racemosa	Mantharai
51.	Singapore Cherry	Muntingia calabura	
52.	River tamarind	Leucaena leucocephala	Peru-n-takarai
53.	Nipa palm	Nypa fruticans	Panamaram
54.	Guava	Psidium guajava	Guava
55.	Pala indigo	Wrightia tinctoria Veppalai	
56.	Yellow Bells	Tecoma stans	Nagasambagam
57.	Earleaf acacia	acacia auriculiformis	Kaththik karuvel

Site Photographs of the Green Cover:









Faunal Diversity:

It was also noted during the audit, a micro habitat was created within the campus with aim of marinating the biodiversity of the campus.

In order to attract butterflies, 20 species of nectar-yielding saplings were planted. As a result of planting a total of nearly 40 species of butterflies have been identified in the Micro Habitat. A well-maintained lawn alone will not attract butterflies, other insects or smaller life forms.





Annexure II Power Requirements & Energy Sources

This indicator addresses energy consumption, energy sources, energy monitoring, lighting, appliances, natural gas and vehicles. Energy use is clearly an important aspect of campus sustainability and thus requires no explanation for its inclusion in the assessment. However, many may not realize how much influence the higher education sector has in the larger energy market. Energy sources utilized by all the departments and common facility centers include electricity.

Major use of energy is in office, canteen, hostels and laboratories for lighting, and laboratory work. Energy consumption by major energy. The total connected load is 1089 kVA and sanctioned demand from TNEB is 9000 kVA. The campus is achieved utilizing the Solar Energy to generate 35 kwh out of the total consumption. Furthermore the followings are adopted as energy conservation measures in the campus.

Transformer and Diesel Generator Details

S.No.	Power House	Transformer	Qty	Total Capacity
1	Sub Station	500 kVA	3	1500 KVA

S.No.	Generators	Capacity	Qty	Make	Status
1	DG sets 1	500 kVA	1 Ns	Powerica	Under Operation condition
2	DG sets 2	500 kVA	1 Ns	Powerica	Under Operation condition
3	DG sets 3	500 kVA	1 Ns	Powerica	Under Operation condition

Estimation of Energy Savings

		No. of		mption without ring measures	Power consumption with Energy saving measures	
S. No.	Description	No. of fixtures	Load per Fitting (in watts)	Total load (in watts)	Load per Fitting (in watts)	Total load (in watts)
1. Lighting Fixtures	Lighting Fixtures					
a	New Library Block	430	70	30100	45	19350
b	Canteen & Hostel Blocks	315	75	23625	21	6615
С	Admin Block	70	70	4900	40	2800
d	Common area	175	80	14000	30	5250
2	External Lighting Main Gate, Workshop & Hostel Block Lighting	21	250	5250	72	1512
3	Lifts	2	8,000	16000	5,000	10000
4	Solar Panel					35000
	Total			93,875		80,527
	Total power consumption/year in KW			41,11,72,500		35,27,08,260
	(Assuming 12 Hrs/day / 365d)					
	Thus, energy saved in %			14.21890812		
				440(1)		
				11% (say)		

Solar Panels
Installed capacity –35 kW







Annexure III Transportation Facilities

Majority of the students in the campus rely on public transport, and the transport service provided by the educational institution indicating lesser carbon foot print of the student community. There are about xx nos. of buses commuting the students & staffs from various parts of city in the daily basis.



Annexure IV Water & Waste Water Management

The Campus Water Requirement is reported as 277 KLD and their Fresh Water Requirement is said to be 155 KLD (which is being sourced through the Private Tankers water supply and treated in Water Treatment Plant with a capacity of 200 KLD) and the Flushing water requirement is 122 KLD.

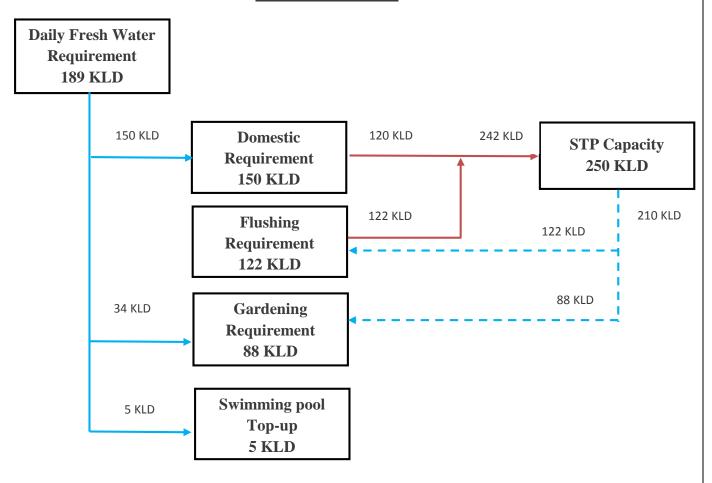
The Sewage generation from the campus is about 245 KLD which is being treated in Sewage Treatment Plant having 250 KLD Capacity. The details of water requirement and the water balance chart is shown in table below:

	Total Occupancy (Nos.)	Water Requirement (LPCD)			
Project Component		Water Requirement rate (LPCD)	Fresh Water for Domestic Requirement	Flushing Requirement	Total Water Requirement (L)
Students	3653	45	20 73060	25 91325	164385
Teaching Staff	242	45	20 4840	25 6050	10890
Boys Hostel	700	90	70 49000	20 14000	63000
Girls Hostel	235	90	70 16450	20 4700	21150
Non- Teaching Staff	191	45	20 3820	25 4775	8595
Staff Quarters	26	135	90 2340	45 1170	3510
Swimming pool Top-up	-	-	5000	-	5000
Total	5047 Nos.	-	154510	122020	276530
Total			(Say 155 KLD)	(Say 122 KLD)	(Say 277 KLD)

About 60% of the total water demand is being met through the recycled water from the STP's which used for toilet flushing and green belt development within the premises. For this duel piping system has been incorporated in the campus.

The gardening water requirement totals to 122 KLD.

Water Balance Chart:



Water Treatment Plant – 200 KLD





Sewage Treatment Plant – 250 KLD Capacity



Bar Screen Chamber



Collection Tank



Aeration Tank



Clarifier Tank



Clarified Water Storage Tank



Pressure Sand Filter & Activated Carbon Filter



Ultra Filtration Plant



Sludge Drying Bed

Annexure V Solid Waste Management

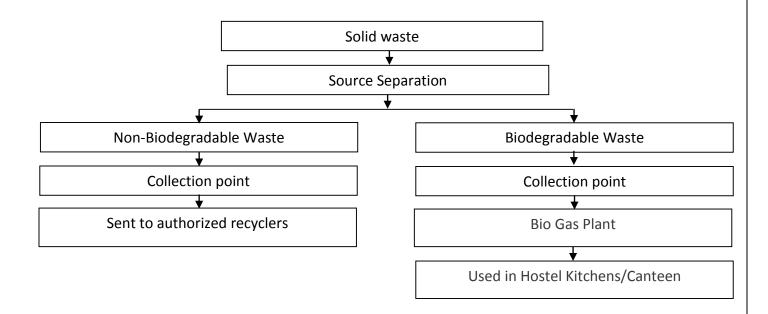
The solid waste generation of the campus comprises of biodegradable waste e.g. domestic waste, food waste, horticultural waste etc. and recyclable waste, like plastics, paper etc., and inert fractions. The current scenario of solid waste is as follows:

S. No	Project Component	Total Occupancy (Nos.)	Per Capita generation (Kg/P/D)	Total Solid Waste Generation (Kg/day)	Bio Degradable Waste (Kg/day)	Non Bio Degradable Waste (Kg/day)
1	Students	3653	0.4	1461.2	876.72	584.48
2	Teaching Staff	242	0.4	96.8	58.08	38.72
3	Boys Hostel	700	1.2	840	504	336
4	Girls Hostel	235	1.2	282	169.2	112.8
5	Non- Teaching Staff	191	0.4	76.4	45.84	30.56
6	Staff Quarters	26	0.6	15.6	9.36	6.24
Total Solid Waste Generation		5047	•	2772	1663.2	1108.8
Total (Tonnes/day)		2.772	•	2.772	1.6632	1.1088

S. No.	Name of Solid Waste	Quantity T/day	Mode of Disposal
	Bio Degradable Waste (Food, vegetables, paper wastes etc.)	1 66	Treated in Bio Gas plant and Used in Hostel Kitchens/Canteen
12	Non Bio Degradable Waste Plastics, Carton boxes, scraps etc.)	1 11	Handed over to Authorized Recyclers
3	STP Sludge	()()3	Used as manure for greenbelt Development

In the campus, sweepers are engaged for handling domestic waste. Adequate number of collection bins separately for biodegradable and non-biodegradable waste has been provided as per the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rule, 2016. Waste from such bins are collected separately on daily basis and taken to a separate centralized collection facility. Final segregation of solid waste into biodegradable, non-biodegradable, and inert fraction are done in the centralized collection facility. The biodegradable wastes are collected and feed into the Bio Gas Plant for Bio Gas Production. The non-biodegradable wastes are given to the ITC Limited for recycling Project called WOW (Well Being Out of Waste – A National Recycling Initiative)

Horticulture wastes leaves, grass and vegetative residues are being collected at the secured location such that it will not hinder daily activity schedule or washed away by the surface run-off causing choking of drains, etc. and being separately treated and disposed off along with biodegradable waste in the Bio Gas unit in the campus and the Bio gas is used in hostel kitchen. The solidified sludge from the STP is being dewatered, and used as manure for the green belt.



Solid Waste Management



Waste Segregation System



Food Waste Crusher



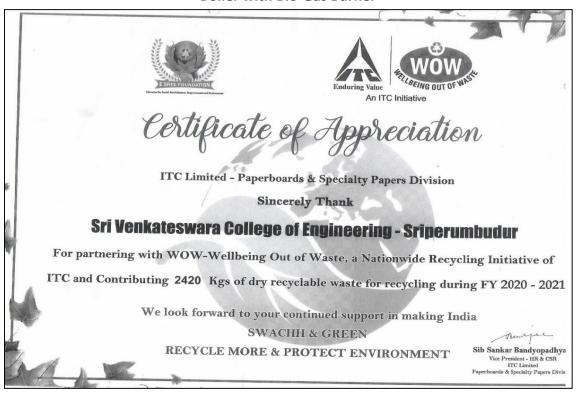
Bio Gas Plant



Gas Accumulator



Boiler with Bio-Gas Burner



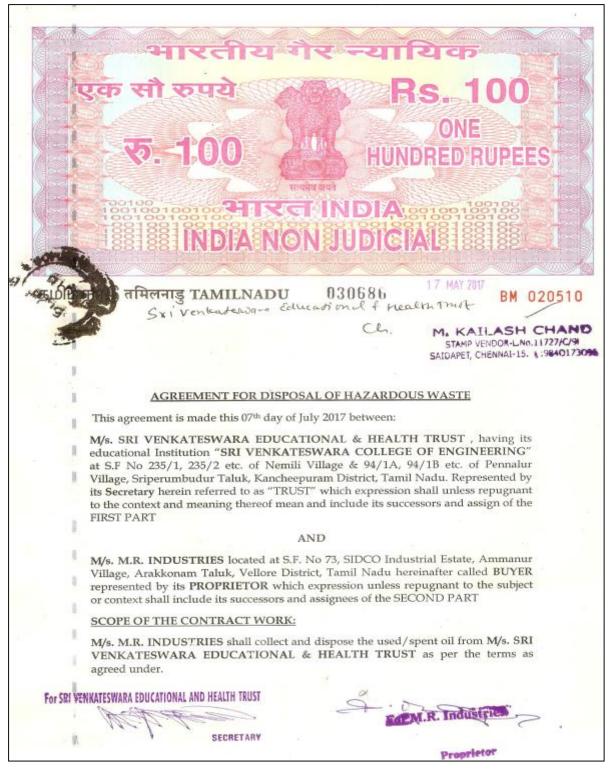
A part of recyclable waste handed over to ITC's WOW (Well-being out of Waste) initiative.

The other non-biodegradable waste are being handed over to the recyclers on a regular basis.

Annexure VI Hazardous Waste Management

In an educational institution, the source for generation of Hazardous waste is mainly from Diesel Generators (DG) sets from which spent/used oil and filters will in hazardous in nature. These wastes are collected and segregated and disposed through the authorized vendor as per the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The minimization, safe handling, and ultimate elimination of these materials are essential to the long-term health of the planet. For environmental sustainability the drainage of chemical laboratory collected in air tight cement chamber and frequently the chemical waste from chamber is sent for recycle or for scientifically destroy process.



Hazardous Waste Disposal agreement with M/s. M. R. Industries for disposal of Spent Oil from DG Sets

Annexure VII E – Waste Management

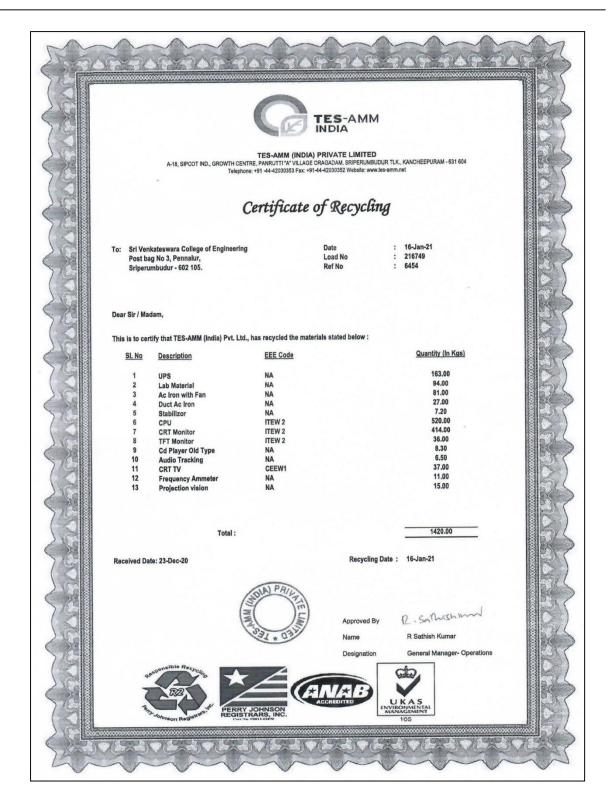
E - Waste Management

The E –Waste generated like, obsoleted Computers from laboratories, Administration Buildings, Electrical and Electronic Equipment from the Laboratories is being collected and stored in a centralized earmarked area which will be handed over to the authorized recyclers for Recycling and Disposal.

The Purchasing Department will be responsible for the disposal of defective equipment's and E Scrap by the method which obtains Best Value for money. Intimation to the authorized recyclers through mail/ telephone for collection will be given on a periodic basis.



Collection and Storage of E - Waste generated in the campus



Annexure VIII Rain Water Harvesting

Rainfall

Kancheepuram district receives rainfall during North-East Monsoon (Oct - Dec) and South-West Monsoon (June - September). A major portion of the rainfall is during North-East Monsoon. Sometimes the city also receives rainfall during January and February, but that is quite rare.

The annual rainfall in Kancheepuram is in the range of 800- 1000 mm. The characteristics of our rainfall demands not only to conserve large quantity of rainwater during these few days but also to store wherever it rains in preferably for direct use and alternatively as ground water.

Rain harvesting system

Rain Water Harvesting Pond:

Keeping in mind the importance of water and it scarcity it is implemented to conserve water by rainwater harvesting by which the subsoil water condition / moisture content is maintained / improved to a great extent. Also to harvest rainwater from the terrace area by collecting the same in a rainwater collection trench of suitable capacity and stored in a Rain water harvesting Pond.

Rainwater from the roof-top of the institution buildings which is about 2,400 Sq.m is being collected in the pond with a capacity of 40 lakh liters. The collected water is reused for the domestic purpose within the campus with the provision of a filtration unit.

Rain Water harvesting pond





Annexure IX Medical/Clinical Facilities

The Medical centre of SVCE was instituted in the year 2008 with 6 beds, a resident Medical Officer, a trained residential nurse and a qualified lab technician. Besides that, the college has first aid kits made available in almost all blocks. A 24-hour ambulance facility, adequate pharmaceutical support, medical lab services are a few of the mentionable services offered.









Annexure X Green Campus & Environmental Initiatives

Environmental Activities:

The main objective of conducting the Environmental activates within the campus for the students, teachers and stakeholders to acquire knowledge of the environment beyond the immediate environment including distant environment. It helps the students understand how their decisions and actions affect the environment, builds knowledge and skills necessary to address complex environmental issues, as well as ways we can take action to keep our environment healthy and sustainable for the future.

CARE - Concern, Awareness, and Responsibility for Environment is a student-run organization that works with peers, faculty, and community to create environmental consciousness among public, in general, and students, in particular. It motivates students to have an eco-friendly life style and attempts make the campus a more sustainable campus by converting green ideas into reality.

The activities carried out in the academic year related to Environmental is as follows:

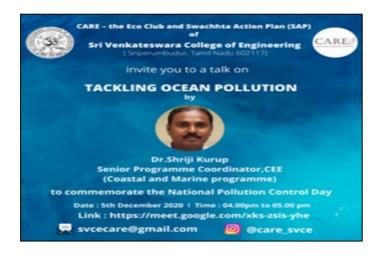
1. NCC (Army) cadets of Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering, Sriperumbudur participated in Tree plantation Pakhwada-2020 on 7th July 2020 and created awareness on tree plantation



2. NCC (Air wing) Students of Sri Venkateshwara College of Engineering have done Tree plantation pakhwada on 22 -July 2020. With strength of 25 participants



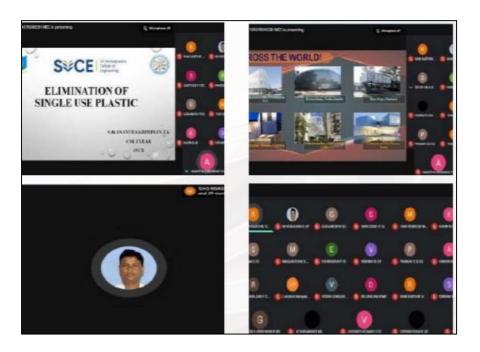
- 3. Eco CARE club conducted wildlife-themed online events in October 2020 to commemorate Wildlife Week. The events included Art- Drawing and painting, Article writing, Digital Art. The motive of the event is to create awareness among students on conserving and protecting the existing wildlife and supportive ecosystem
- 4. Eco CARE club of SVCE along with Swachata Action Plan (SAP) of SVCE organized an online talk on 'Tackling Ocean Pollution' on 5th December 2020 to commemorate the National Pollution Control Day. The talk was given by Dr. Shriju Kurup, Senior Program Coordinator, CEE



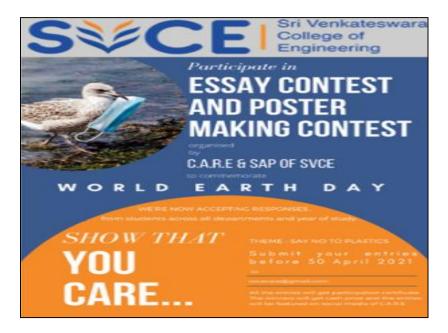
- 5. NCC (Army) cadets of Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering, Sriperumbudur have taken "Carbon Neutral Pledge" pledge under the guidance of ANO Capt. Dr. A. Bhaskaran on 11th December 2020.
- 6. The members of CARE Club of SVCE organized a tree Indigenous Tree Plantation event on January 4, 2021, in order to contribute to global reforestation efforts, restoring and repairing indigenous ecosystem and mitigating climate changes. The saplings were donated by the Trust for Environment Monitoring and Action Initiating.



7. NCC (Army) cadets of Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering, Sriperumbudur participated in AICTE Elimination of single use plastic competition under the guidance of ANO Capt. Dr. A. Bhaskaran on 3rd April 2021. Around 33 cadets had participated in the program.



8. In association with SAP (Swatchatha Action Plan) Eco Care of SVCE conducted an Essay writing and poster designing Completions on the theme "Say No to Plastics" on 22nd April 2021 to Celebrate the World Earth Day



- 9. On 7th June 2021 the expert lecture on water resources and reuse by Dr. Swarna Latha., Sr. Scientist, Central Leather Research Institute, Adyar, Chennai-20 was arranged by NSS club of SVCE in commemoration to world Environment Day.
- 10. NCC (Airwing)-SVCE unit organized a webinar on importance of ocean on International Oceans Day on 8th June 2021. FC Saidurga Shoba R and FC Varshini V R gave insights about the significance of Oceans and the need of saving our oceans. A total of 34 NCC Air wing cadets actively participated in the webinar.



11. CARE - the Eco club partnered with Lions District 324 A5 - Sapphire Region's Clubs and planted planted 2000 Tree saplings in (Sothuperumbedu 500 saplings), Tirunillai (1000 saplings), Mulaivoyil (500 saplings). All the saplings were provided by the Eco Club of SVCE.



Annexure XI Environmental Monitoring Programme

The environmental monitoring programs helps to continuously monitor the incremental increase in various pollutant concentration in the respective environment. It outlines the frequency of the pollutant concentration being measured in each environment and the parameters being monitored in respective environment.

S. No.	Description	Monitoring parameters	Frequency of Sampling and Analysis				
Operation Phase							
1.	Ambient Air Quality	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SOx, NOx and CO	Once in a month				
2.	Stack Emissions from DG Set	PM, SOx, NOx, HC and CO	Once in a month				
3.	Ambient Noise Level	Noise level in dB (A)	Once in a month				
4.	Treated Sewage (STP)	pH, TSS, BOD and Fecal Coliform	Once in a month				

All parameters shall be monitored; compilation and reporting is done by NABL Accredited Laboratory.

Annexure XII Covid – 19 Management Plan

Due to the COVID'19 outburst in the state, the Institution is committed to protect the health and safety of students and employees during these unprecedented times. The following SOP followed to ensure the health of students and employees (includes both teaching and non-teaching staff) and to reduce the risk of exposure to the Virus in the institution.

- Mandatory Thermal Scanning of everyone entering and exiting the institution is followed.
- All the students and staffs must be checked for vaccination certificate.
- Institution encouraged Teachers to adopt digital/technology enabled methods for conducting classes during the Lockdowns.
- Encouraged to consume food designated areas like cafeteria and canteens.
- Mandatory use of PPEs (face mask) by everyone entering the campus.
- Students and staffs should follow hand washing practices:
- Upon arriving at the institution and before going home at the end of the day
- Before and after eating & Between classes and lab hours
- After using the toilet
- Provision for hand wash & sanitizer (alcohol-based hand rubs containing at least 60 percent alcohol) made at all entry and exit points, classrooms, labs, canteens and other common areas
- Strict ban on spitting and throwing garbage on ground.
- Hospital/clinics in the nearby area, which are authorized to treat COVID-19 patients, are identified and list made available at institution all the time.
- Health care center will be available and with equipped doctors in case of emergency for first aid
- Guideline for Cleaning/fumigation in the campus was scheduled based on the guidelines given below.

Guideline for Cleaning Schedule

Sl. No	Cleaning Area	Particulars	Chemicals tobe used	Minimum Cleaning frequency
1	Common areas	Roads, lawns, gardens, play grounds, Open Air Theatre, Multipurpose Hall, Sports complex, etc.	1% Sodium Hypochlorite	Once a week
2	Office / Department Buildings	Entrance door, lobbies, corridors and staircases, Secretary /Treasurer / Principal / Dean / HoD rooms, Faculty / Staff rooms, Meeting rooms, Conference halls, Seminar halls, Verandah, Swimming pool area, security guard booths, office rooms, etc.	1% Sodium Hypochlorite	Once a Day
3	Dining Areas	The dining hall, tables, chair sand food counters, etc.	1% Sodium Hypochlorite	Six times a day(before and after Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner)
4	Library	Books, Newspapers, other materials, etc.	NA	Quarantine for at least 24 - 48 hours or expose under UV light for at least 40minutes
5	Buses/ Vans /Cars	Entrance doors, seats,ceilings, holding rods/ hooks, etc.	1% Sodium Hypochlorite	Twice a Day (before morning& evening trips)
	High Contact Surfaces	Tables, light switches, door & window handles, doorframes, desks, handrails, lunch tables, phones, intercom systems, keyboards, call buttons public counters sinks, lift, sports equipment, teaching and learning aids, etc	Hypochlorite	Twice a Day

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7	Metallic surfaces	Door handles, securitylocks, keys, etc.	70% alcohol	Frequently
	Laboratories, Workshops	Entrance doors, doorknobs, windows, equipment, machines, other furniture & fixtures, teaching aids, including UPS and Networking areas / switches / control panels, etc.	Hypochlorite	Twice a Day (before the commencement of the day and between the batches)
9	ComputerCenters	Entrance doors, doorknobs, windows, Printers/scanners, table tops, chair handles, keyboards, mouse, mouse pad and other office machines, furniture & fixtures, teaching aids including UPS and Networking areas / switches / control panels, etc.	Hypochlorite	Twice a Day (before the commencementof the day and between the batches)
10	Hostels	All open and common areas like entrance, corridors, entertainment areas like TV hall, staircases, dining halls, corridor walls, door & windows opening in the corridors / walkthrough, office and student rooms, etc.	Hypochlorite	Once a Day
11	Classrooms	Entrance doors, windows, desks, otherfurniture & fixture, teaching aids, equipment, etc.	Hypochlorite	Twice a Day (before the commencementof the day i.e. morning and during lunch break)
12	Restrooms	Toilet pod/commode, Washbasins, Urinals, Floor, etc.	1% Sodium Hypochlorite	Twice a Day



Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering Sriperumbudur Tk - 602 117



STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (SOP)
FOR COMMON AREAS, BUILDINGS,
CLASSROOMS, LABORATORIES, HOSTELS AND
OFFICES

(For Internal Circulation / Use only)

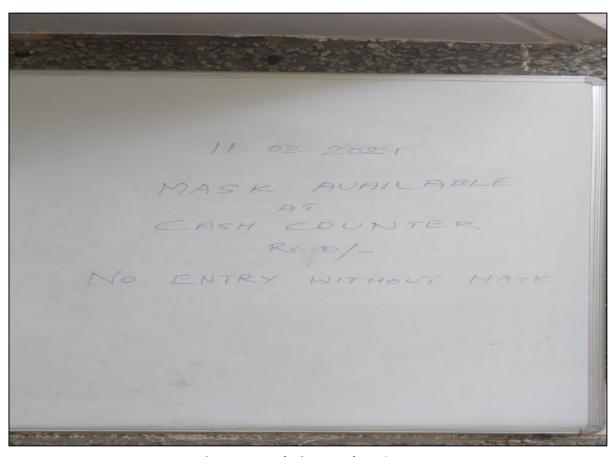
JUNE 2020

This SOP is distributed to all the Sections, Departments and Offices.

Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) prepared by the Institution







Notice on Mandating Mask at Canteen

Annexure - XIII

Environmental Policy & Environmental Committee

Environmental Policy:

During the Audit, the educational institution's Environment Policy were reviewed and the policy is as follows:

Objectives

- ➤ To inculcate a strong sense of commitment and responsibility among students and members of faculty to follow an eco-friendly lifestyle and habits.
- > To make students aware of the sustainability goals at the micro and macro level and to strength their participation and involvement to promote and implement sustainability goals.
- ➤ To advance governance regarding environmental compliance and employ methods to reduce the waste and conserve energy and water conservation.
- > To improve the biodiversity of the campus.
- To be recognized as Eco friendly and green campus.



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Green and Environment Policy

Statement

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering (SVCE) is committed to making the Institution one of the most environmentally conscious and sustainable institutions in of the Country.

Objectives

- To inculcate a strong sense of commitment and responsibility among students and members of faculty to follow an eco-friendly lifestyle and habits.
- To make students aware of the sustainability goals at the micro and macro level and to strengthen their participation and involvement to promote and implement sustainability goals.
- To advance governance regarding environmental compliance and employ methods to reduce the waste, and conserve energy, and water consumption.
- To improve the biodiversity of the Campus.
- To be recognized as Eco friendly and Green Campus.

Precess

- By introducing environmental sustainability concepts in the curriculum and research.
- By improving governance regarding environmental compliance; reduce its waste, energy, and water consumption proportionally against its growth in staff and student numbers.
- By enhancing, monitoring, and developing the biodiversity of the Campus by creating microhabitats, planting indigenous plant species.
- By promoting and creating smart, sustainable approach to the Institution's plans and projects.

Provisions

The College will provide adequate funding, infrastructure and staff for implementing the Green and Environment policy.

PRINCIPAL

Environmental Committee:

During the audit, details of the Environmental committee were reviewed which mainly consist of faculties from various departments in order to review the educational policy and to check the status of the targets made based on the Environmental policy.

The details of the Environmental committee is as follows:

