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**B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, DEC 2019**

Fifth Semester

**EC16501 – Digital Communication**

*(Electronics and Communication Engineering)*

**(Regulation 2016)**

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum : 100 Marks**

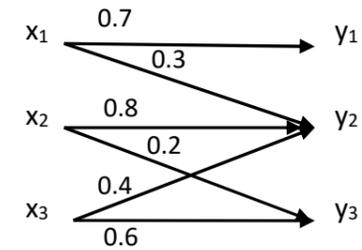
Answer ALL questions

**PART A - (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)**

	CO	RBT
1. Mention one advantage and disadvantage of digital communication system.	1	U
2. Mention the properties of Entropy.	1	R
3. A television signal has a bandwidth of 4.5 MHz. This signal is sampled, quantized and binary coded to obtain a PCM signal. (1) Determine the sampling rate if the signal is to be sampled at the rate of 30% above Nyquist Rate. (2) If the samples are quantized into 1024 levels, determine the number of binary pulses required to encode each sample	1	U
4. Differentiate the principles of temporal waveform coding and model based coding.	1	AN
5. Draw the Polar RZ and Manchester line coding formats for the following data sequence 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	1	AP
6. What is equalization? Why is it needed?	1	U
7. Draw the BPSK and BFSK wave forms for the data sequence 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0	2	AP
8. What is coherent detection?	2	R
9. Find the Hamming distance between 11011001 and 10010111. If the minimum Hamming distance of (n,k) linear block code is 3, what is its minimum Hamming weight?	3	AP
10. In a (4, 3, 2) convolutional encoder, find the code rate 'r', and the constraint length.	3	AP

**PART B - (5 X16 = 80 Marks)**

11. (a) Compute the Mutual Information for the given Discrete Memoryless input-output channel with probabilities of source symbols  $x_1, x_2, x_3$  as 0.35, 0.25 and 0.4 respectively. (16) 1 AP



**(OR)**

- (b) (i) The probability of occurrence of the symbols  $S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7, S_8$  are 0.125, 0.125, 0.15, 0.15, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, 0.05 respectively. Generate the Shannon-Fano code and determine the code variance and code efficiency. (8) 1 AP
- (ii) The probability of occurrence of the symbols  $S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7, S_8$  are 0.125, 0.125, 0.15, 0.15, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, 0.05 respectively. Generate the Huffman code with minimum code variance and determine the code variance and code efficiency. (8) 1 AP
12. (a) Explain the process of Differential Pulse Code Modulation and Demodulation with necessary block diagrams. Also explain about improving the output SNR by minimizing the variance of the prediction error. (16) 1 U

**(OR)**

- (b) Explain in detail about Linear Predictive Coding and also Model Based Encoding using Linear Predictive Coding with all necessary block diagrams. (16) 1 U

13. (a) Derive the Power Spectral Density of NRZ Polar and NRZ - bipolar Line Coding Format and analyze the same. (16) 1 U
- (OR)**
- (b) What is Correlative Coding? With necessary block diagram explain Duo Binary Encoding and obtain the Magnitude response, Phase response and Impulse response of the encoder. (16) 1 U
14. (a) (i) With suitable block diagrams explain the generation and detection of coherent Binary FSK. (10) 2 U
- (ii) Obtain the expression for bit error rate and draw the signal space diagram for BFSK system (6) 2 AN
- (OR)**
- (b) (i) Explain the concept of coherent QPSK with suitable block diagrams for transmitter and receiver. (10) 2 U
- (ii) Obtain the expression for bit error rate and draw the signal space diagram for QPSK system. (6) 2 U
15. (a) (i) For a (7,4) Cyclic Hamming code whose generator polynomial is  $g(X)=1+X+X^3$ , determine the code words for the given message sequences 0110, 1001, 1010, 1100. (8) 3 AP
- (ii) Draw the (7,4) cyclic Hamming encoder for the generator polynomial  $g(X)=1+X+X^3$  and explain its operation. (8) 3 AP
- (OR)**
- (b) Draw the convolutional encoder having a constraint length of '3' and code rate  $r = 1/2$ , for the given generator sequence.  $(g_0^1, g_1^1, g_2^1) = (1, 1, 1)$  and  $(g_0^2, g_1^2, g_2^2) = (1, 0, 1)$ . Derive the code words using **time domain approach** and **transform domain approach** for the input message sequence (101011). (16) 3 AP