| | | | | <u>, </u> | | | |
|---|---|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| | Reg. No. | | | | | | |
| B. E / B. TECH.DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Seventh Semester | | | | | | | |
| CE18013-PAVEMENT ENGINEERING | | | | | | | |
| | (Civil Engineering) | | | | | | |
| (Regulation2018) | | | | | | | |
| TIME:3 HOURS MAX.MARKS: 100 | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to: | | | | | | |
| | Differentiate stress distributions in flexible and rigid pavements | | | | | | |
| CO2 | Design flexible pavements. | | | | | | |
| CO3 | Design rigid pavements. | | | | | | |
| CO4 | Describe causes of distresses in flexible and rigid pavements. | | | | | | |
| CO5 | Enumerate soil stabilization techniques for pavements, testing and field control | ol. | | | | | |
| | $\mathbf{D}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{A} \left(10\mathbf{x}2 - 20\mathbf{M}_{0}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{L}_{0}\right)$ | | | | | | |
| | (Answer all Questions) | | | | | | |
| | | | CO | RBT LEVEL | | | |
| 1 | Expand: AASHO; FHWA. | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| 2 | Illustrate Optimum Moisture Content for a soil. | | 1 | 2 | | | |
| 3 | How Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) is laid? | | 2 | 3 | | | |
| 4 | What is meant by 'Long Life Pavement'? | | 2 | 1 | | | |
| 5 | Differentiate construction joint and contraction joint in cement concrepavement. | te | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | What is meant by 'mud pumping'? | | 3 | 1 | | | |
| 7 | What do you meant by pavement management system? | | 4 | 2 | | | |
| 8 | How pot holes are formed? | | 4 | 3 | | | |
| 9 | Compare stabilization with consolidation of soil. | | 5 | 3 | | | |
| 10 | What is meant by reflective cracks in pavement? | | 5 | 2 | | | |
| PART- B (5x 14=70Marks) | | | | | | | |
| | Ν | /larks | CO | RBT LEVEL | | | |
| 11(a) | Compare flexible pavement and rigid pavement in detail. Draw necessary | (14) | 1 | 3 | | | |
| | (OR) | | | | | | |
| 11(b) | Explain CBR method of flexible pavement design in detail. Draw necessary diagrams. | (14) | 1 | 3 | | | |

12(a) Prepare a list of factors influencing flexible pavement design and explain (14) 2 2 wheel load repetitions in detail.

Q. Code: 446820

(OR)

| 12(b) | How flexible pavement design for rural road is different from a national | (14) | 2 | 2 |
|-------|---|-------|----|-----|
| | highway? Write a brief note on that. | | | |
| | | | | |
| 13(a) | Interpret the following terms: | (14) | 3 | 2 |
| | (a) Radius of relative stiffness (3 marks) | | | |
| | (b) Equivalent radius of resisting section (4 marks) | | | |
| | (c) Concrete roads and their scope in India (4 marks) | | | |
| | (d) Design life of rigid pavements (3 marks) | | | |
| | (OR) | | | |
| 13(b) | List out various layers in a rigid pavement and explain the role of each. | (14) | 3 | 2 |
| 14(a) | How structural evaluation is done for flexible pavement using Benkelman | (14) | 4 | 3 |
| () | beam? Explain with neat sketches. | () | - | - |
| | (OR) | | | |
| 14(b) | List the distresses in the flexible pavement surface. For any two | (14) | 4 | 3 |
| - (~) | distresses, state the causes and rectification procedures. | () | - | • |
| | | | | |
| 15(a) | Discuss the problems in stabilization of: (a)Black cotton soils (b) Desert sands. Suggest suitable method of stabilization in the above cases. (OR) | (14) | 5 | 2 |
| 15(b) | Explain the concept of Fuller's formula with a numerical example. | (14) | 5 | 2 |
| | PART- C (1x 10=10Marks) | | | |
| | (Q.No.16 is compulsory) | Marks | CO | RRT |
| 16 1 | Jow flavible payament is designed using IPC.27 2018 (latest code)? Write | (10) | า | |
| 10 1 | Tow nextone pavement is designed using IKC.57-2016 (latest code)? Write | (10) | 4 | 3 |

shortly in steps.