$\square$ Reg. No.
B.E / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2023 Third Semester CS18301 - DATA STRUCTURES
(Computer Science and Engineering) (Regulation 2018 / Regulation 2018A)

## TIME: 3 HOURS

| COURSE outcomes | statement | $\underset{\text { Level }}{\text { RbT }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | The students will be familiar with sorting and searching algorithms and appraise its applications. | 2 |
| CO2 | The students will be to use list ADT for a variety of applications and classify them. | 3 |
| CO 3 | The students earn a thorough knowledge in Stack and Queue ADT and will appraise the applications in various real time scenarios. | 3 |
| CO 4 | The students distinguish linear and non-linear data structures, and appraise the use of Tree ADT. | 3 |
| CO 5 | The students appraise the usage of graph algorithms for various applications. | 4 |

PART- A (10 x $2=20$ Marks)
(Answer all Questions)

1. What is called abstract data type? Give an example.

Define pivot element in quick sort
. What is called list? $\quad 2 \quad 1$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 4. List any four applications of linked list. } & \mathbf{2} & \mathbf{2}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 5. What is the role of activation record in function call? } & \mathbf{3} \quad \mathbf{1}\end{array}$
6. Name the operations of queue with example. $\quad \mathbf{3} \quad \mathbf{2}$
7. Define binary tree. 4
8. Mention the process of AVL tree with its operations. 4
9. What is called minimum spanning tree? $\quad \mathbf{5} \quad 1$
10. Differentiate between breadth first traversal and depth first traversal.

## PART- B (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)

Marks CO $\begin{array}{r}\text { RBT } \\ \\ \\ \text { LEVEL }\end{array}$
11. (a) Perform the quick sort on the below listed elements and provide the pseudo (14) 14 code neatly. List $=12,14,10,162,47,25,34,97,21,132$
15. (a) Apply the Dijkstra algorithm on the given graph to find the shortest path (14) 5 between A and E.

(OR)
(b) Construct the minimum spanning tree using prims algorithm.
(14) $5 \quad 4$


## PART- C ( $\mathbf{1 \times 1 0 = 1 0 ~ M a r k s )}$

(Q.No. 16 is compulsory)

[^0]16. Write about the priority heaps with example. Demonstrate the operations with (10) 4 one example.


[^0]:    Marks CO RBT
    LEVEL

