

Reg. No. 

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**B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2023**  
Fifth Semester  
**CS18503 –THEORY OF COMPUTATION**  
(Computer Science and Engineering)  
(Regulation 2018/2018A)

**TIME: 3 HOURS**

**MAX. MARKS: 100**

COURSE OUTCOMES	STATEMENT	RBT LEVEL
CO 1	The student will be able to design and build Finite Automata.	2
CO 2	The student will be able to skillfully demonstrate and solve problems on regular expressions and regular languages.	3
CO 3	The student can formulate and design Pushdown Automata for the given context free languages and context free grammars.	3
CO 4	The student can design and construct the Turing machine for pattern matching and computation of basic integer functions.	4
CO 5	The students will be able to infer the limitations of computers, interpret the answer to what kind of problems can be computed and what cannot be computed by a computer.	5

**PART- A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**  
(Answer all Questions)

	CO	RBT LEVEL
1. Explain Formal Notation of ε-NFA.	1	2
2. Differentiate between proof by contradiction and proof by contrapositive.	1	4
3. Explain the Regular Expression and its applications.	2	2
4. Construct a Regular Expression for set of strings ending with 01.	2	3
5. Construct the CFG for the language $L = \{a^n b^{2n}\}$ where $n \geq 1$ .	3	3
6. Explain the components of Push Down automata.	3	2
7. Choose the methods to Simplify the Context Free Grammar.	4	3
8. Illustrate the term Non-Deterministic Turing Machine with example.	4	2
9. Explain the formal parameters of Linden Mayer system.	5	2
10. When a recursive enumerable language is said to be recursive?	5	3

**PART- B (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)**

	Marks	CO	RBT LEVEL
11. (a) (i) Prove that a language L is accepted by some DFA if and only if L is accepted by some NFA.	(7)	1	4

(ii) Construct the DFA from the given NFA.

States	0	1
→ q <sub>0</sub>	{ q <sub>0</sub> , q <sub>1</sub> }	{ q <sub>0</sub> }
q <sub>1</sub>	∅	{ q <sub>2</sub> }
* q <sub>2</sub>	∅	∅

(OR)

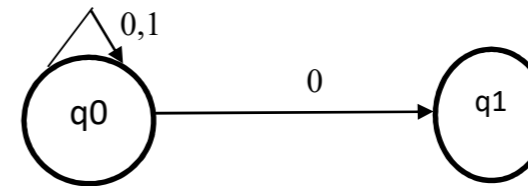
(b) (i) Prove that a language L is accepted by some ε-NFA if and only if L is accepted by some DFA. (7) 1 4

(ii) Construct the DFA equivalent to the NFA. (7) 1 4

States	0	1
→ p	{p,q}	{p}
q	{r}	{r}
r	{s}	∅
* s	{s}	{s}

12. (a) (i) Construct a ε-NFA for the following Regular Expression  $R = (0+1)^*00(0+1)^*$  (6) 2 3

(ii) Construct the Regular Expression from the given DFA. (8) 2 3



(OR)

(b) (i) Construct a ε-NFA for the following Regular Expression  $R = (0+1)^*(00+11)(0+1)^*$  (6) 2 3

(ii) Construct the regular expression from the given DFA using State Elimination method. (8) 2 3

δ	0	1
→ * p	s	p
q	p	s
r	r	q
s	q	r

13. (a) (i) Consider the CFG with Productions  $S \rightarrow aB \mid bA$ ,  $A \rightarrow a \mid aS \mid bAA$ ,  $B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$ . Generate the string  $aaabbabbba$ . Compute the following
- a) Left Most Derivation.
  - b) Right Most Derivation
  - c) Parse Tree
  - d) Check whether the given grammar is ambiguous or not.

(10) 3 2

- (ii) Explain the applications of Context Free Grammar. (4) 3 2

(OR)

- (b) (i) State Pumping Lemma for Context Free Languages. Justify the need for pumping lemma for Context Free Languages. (4) 3 2

- (ii) Determine a PDA for the language containing strings with equal number of a's and b's. (10) 3 2

14. (a) Convert the given CFG  $G = \{S, A, B\}, \{0, 1\}, P, S$  into CNF where P is given by  $S \rightarrow 0B \mid 1A$ ,  $A \rightarrow 0 \mid 0S \mid 1AA$ ,  $B \rightarrow 1 \mid 1S \mid 0BB$ . (14) 4 3

(OR)

- (b) Construct the Turing Machine for the language  $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1\}$  (14) 4 3

15. (a) Construct the TM  $M = (\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}, \{0, 1\}, \{0, 1, B\}, \delta, q_1, B, \{q_3\})$  where  $\delta$  is given by (14) 5 4

$q_i$	$\delta(q_i, 0)$	$\delta(q_i, 1)$	$\delta(q_i, B)$
$q_1$	$(q_2, 1, R)$	$(q_2, 0, L)$	$(q_2, 1, L)$
$q_2$	$(q_3, 0, L)$	$(q_1, 0, R)$	$(q_2, 0, R)$
$q_3$	-----	-----	-----

And input string  $w=01$  to an instance of MPCP.

(OR)

- (b) Explain P and NP problems with necessary examples. (14) 5 4

**PART- C (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)**

(Q.No.16 is compulsory)

Marks CO RBT LEVEL

16. Construct the following Grammar to Greibach Normal Form (GNF). (10) 3 5
- $S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$   
 $A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$

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