			Q. Code: 542612									le: 5	542	612	
	Reg. No.														
	B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE	EŽ	XAN	/INA	TIC	DN,	MA	٩Y	202	3				I]	
Third Semester															
IT18303 – INFORMATION AND CODING THEORY															
(Information Technology)															
(Regulation 2018A)															
TIME: 3 HOURSMAX. MARKS: 100															
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5	CO2Demonstrate different encoding and decoding of digital data streams4CO3Evaluate various methods of generating and detecting different types of error correcting codes5CO4Identify different compression and decompression techniques4									4 5 4					
PART- A(10x2=20Marks)															
(Answer all Questions)															
												CO		RBT LEVE	
1.	Construct prefix codes for the symbols {s0, s1	, s2	2, s3]	} with	prot	abil	lities	s {0	.4, 0	.25,	0.2,	1		3	
2.	0.15}. State the channel coding theorem.											1		1	
	-	1180	1	mlina											
3. 4.	Distinguish between flat top sampling and nat	ura	I Sali	ipning	•							2 2		3 1	
	State the significance of low pass filter.		- 1												
5.	List the objectives of good error control codin	0										3		3	
6.	Analyse whether the given block code is a line {00000,11111}	ear	bloc	k code	,							3		4	
7.	Encode the following data using run length en	coc	ding	techni	que.							4		3	
	111000001001111000011111111111111100000	0													
8.	Distinguish between GIF and TIFF.											4		3	
9.	Summarize when Temporal masking should b	e de	one i	n audi	o co	ding	g.					5		5	
10.	List out the different frames to be identified in	i vie	deo d	compr	essic	n.						5		3	
PART- B (5x 14=70Marks)															

## MarksCORBT11. (a)Consider the symbols w,e,n,t,# with probabilities 0.3,0.3,0.2,0.1 and 0.1 using(14)14huffmann coding. Encode the message went# by considering the newly<br/>formed probability as low as possible.611

## (OR)

		Q. Coa	e: 54	012
<b>(b)</b>	Consider the probability transition matrix	(14)	1	4
	$P = \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{2}$			
	1/2 1/8 3/8			
	Find the channel capacity of binary symmetric channel with the above	;		
	transistion matrix. Assume $p(x1) = p(x2) = 1/2$ .			
12. (a)	Explain one bit differential pulse code modulation with necessary diagrams.	(14)	2	2
	(OR)			
(b)	Distinguish between adaptive dpcm and adaptive delta modulation.	(14)	2	2
13. (a)	Consider a (7,4) cyclic code using the generator polynomial $g(x) = x_3 + x_{+1}$ .	(14)	3	4
	Find the error correcting capabilities of this code? For the received word	l		
	1101100, determine the transmitted codeword using syndrome decoding			
	method.			
	(OR)			
(b)	Consider a convolutional code with a constraint length $K = 3$ and generator	: (14)	3	4
(0)	sequence $g(1) = (110)$ , $g(2) = (101)$ and $g(3) = (111)$ .	(1)	U	•
	(i) Draw the encoder block diagram.			
	<ul><li>(ii) Find the code word corresponding to the information sequence 11101</li></ul>			
	using time domain approach.			
	(iii) Find the codeword corresponding to the information sequence 100001			
	using transform domain approach.			
14. (a)	Consider the symbols $X = \{E, W, S, N\}$ with probabilities $\{0.3, 0.3, 0.2, 0.2\}$ .	(14)	4	3
	Apply Arithmetic Coding encode the message "NEWS".			-
	(OR)			
(b)	Explain the encoder and decoder principle of baseline JPEG.	(14)	4	3
(0)		(1)	•	U
15. (a)	Assess the encoder and decoder principle of MPEG audio encoder.	(14)	5	3
13. (a)	(OR)	(14)	5	5
(b)	Assess how motion estimation and motion compensation are done in video	(14)	5	3
	-	) (14)	5	3
	compression with necessary diagrams?			
	<b>PART-</b> C (1x 10=10Marks)			
	(Q.No.16 is compulsory)			
		Marks	CO	RRT

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		Marks	CO	RBT
				LEVEL
16.	Encode the text "EFFICIENCY" using Adaptive Huffman coding.	(10)	4	4