					Q. (Cod	le:1	901	79
Reg. No.									

B.E./ B. TECH.DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2023

Sixth Semester

IT18601 - COMPUTATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

(Information Technology)

(Regulation2018)

TIME:3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 100

COU OUTC	STATEMENT					
CO 1		Analyze the problems and solve them using AI techniques.				
CO 2 Infer knowledge for the problem represented in the language/framework using		ifferent	4			
	AI methods.					
CO 3			4			
CO 4 Design expert systems for various applications.			4			
CO 5 Generate solutions to problems using advanced concepts of Computational Intellig		igence.	5			
	PART- A(10x2=20Marks) (Answer all Questions)					
		CO	RBT LEVEL			
1.	Show with a simple example that A* is admissible in the case of overestimation	1	4			
2. Examine why Breadth first search is not suitable for AND-OR graph.						
3. Convert the following to predicate logic: 2						
	No student can fool all the other students.					
4.	State the difference between A* and AO* algorithm.	2	4			
5.	5. How can decision tree models be avoided from overfitting?					
6.	How is clustering different from classification?	3	4			
7.	7. Why knowledge acquisition is considered as the most difficult step in knowledge engineering?					
8.			3			
9.	9. State the difference between crisp set and fuzzy set. 5					
10.	What is crossover and mutation in genetic algorithm?					

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PART- B (5x 14=70Marks)

Marks RBT LEVEL

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11. (a) Analyze the 8 puzzle problem given below using heuristic method to **(7)** achieve the goal state.

nıtıal St	itial State				
2	2	Ι.			

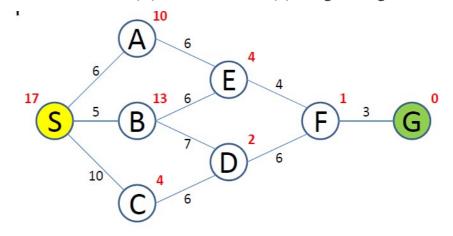
2	3	4	
8	6	1	
7		5	

Goal State					
	1	2	3		
	8		4		

(ii) A water jug problem states "A milkman carries a full 12 litre container (7) of milk. He needs to deliver exactly 6 litres. But the customer has only 8 and 5 litre jugs. Devise the production system for it.

(OR)

Analyze the graph given below and find the most cost-effective path to **(b)** reach the final state (G) from initial state(S) using A* Algorithm.



(ii) Solve the crypt arithmetic problem by applying the constraint satisfaction strategy:

PEAR NUT+FRUIT

12. (a) Consider the following facts:

(14)

F1: There are 500 employees in ABC company.

F2: Employees earning more than Rs. 5000 pay tax.

F3: John is a manager in ABC company.

F4: Manager earns Rs. 10,000.

Q. Code:190179 Convert the facts in predicate form to clauses and then prove by resolution: "John pays tax". (OR) A knowledge base has the following facts: 2 **(14)** 3 • Gita loves all types of clothes. • Suits are clothes. Jackets are clothes. • Anything any wear and isn't bad is clothes. • Sita wears skirt and is good. • Renu wears anything Sita wears. Apply backward chaining and forward chaining to prove that "Gita Loves Kurtis". Illustrate numerosity and dimensionality reduction techniques in data (14) 3 mining with suitable examples. (OR) Construct the Clustering Feature tree using BIRCH algorithm to the **(7)** 3 3 following 1-D dataset: {25,11,12,15,20,27,10,36,10,3,12,28}. [Assume the Branching factor B=2 and Diameter Threshold D=5]. (ii) Apply K-Mediods algorithm using Manhattan distance to cluster the 3 3 **(7)** following dataset into 2 clusters: A1=(2,3), A2=(7,2), A3=(1,1), A4=(8,5), A5=(3,6), A6=(9,7). Investigate how inferencing takes place in MYCIN expert system. 3 **(14)** (OR) Investigate the knowledge representation, knowledge acquisition process in (14) 3 XCON expert system. Explain fuzzy rule based reasoning system in detail. **(14)** 5 2 (OR)

13. (a)

(b)

15. (a)

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b) Explain how learning takes place in a feed forward neural network with an (14) 5 example.

PART- C (1x 10=10Marks)

(Q.No.16 is compulsory)

Marks CO RBT LEVEL

16. Construct the FP-Tree and generate the pattern base for the following (10) 3 5 dataset assuming minimum support count=3.

TID	Items
1	E,A,D,B
2	D,A,C,E,B
3	C,A,B,E
4	B,A,D
5	D
6	D,B
7	A,D,E
8	В,С

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