
B.E / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2023

## Second Semester

## AD22201 - DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHM ANALYSIS

 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE (Regulation 2022)
## TIME: 3 HOURS

MAX. MARKS: 100

## RBT

CO 1 Design and analyse time and space complexities of algorithms using different design $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { LEVEL }\end{aligned}$ techniques for various computing problems
CO 2 Solve problems using suitable linear data structures
CO 3 Solve problems using suitable nonlinear tree data structures.
CO 4 Demonstrate the use of graph algorithms for solving problems.
CO 5 Design algorithms using advanced algorithm design techniques.

## PART- A (20 x $2=40$ Marks) <br> (Answer all Questions)

1. What is called as an algorithm?
2. Differentiate between linear and binary search
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 2. Define brute force approach. } & \mathbf{1} & 3\end{array}$
3. What is called as pivot element? $\quad \mathbf{1} \quad \mathbf{3}$
4. Mention the applications of list ADT. $\quad \mathbf{2} \quad \mathbf{2}$
5. Convert the given infix expression into the postfix form. (a+b*c-d) $\mathbf{2} \quad \mathbf{2}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 7. List down the applications of circular queue ADT. } & \mathbf{2} & \mathbf{3}\end{array}$
6. What is called hashing? $\quad \mathbf{2}$
7. Define binary tree. 3
8. Mention the process of AVL tree with its operations. 3
9. What is called max heap? 3
10. Mention the uses of Rabin Karp algorithm. 3
11. Define the term graph with an example. 4
12. Differentiate between breadth first and depth first search. 4
13. What is the method of topological sort? 4
14. What is called minimum spanning tree? $4 \quad 2$
15. Define dynamic programming. 5
16. State the greedy technique with one example.
17. Define Polynomial (P) problem.
18. How NP-hard problems are different from NP-Complete?

## PART- B (5 x $10=50$ Marks)

21. (a) Explain in detail about asymptotic notations used in algorithm analysis.

## (OR)

$5 \quad 2$
$5 \quad 2$
$5 \quad 2$
(b) Sort the elements $(45,23,1,5,12,37,124,26,57,32,83,43)$ using quick sort. (10) $1 \mathbf{3}$ In which way, you are going to pick the pivot element. Justify the answer.
22. (a) Create a single linked list with the input elements $12,22,33,44,55,66$. Perform the following operations and provide the pseudo code also.
i) Insert a new node with element ' 38 ' at position 3.
ii) Delete the node which contains the element ' 55 '.
(b) (i) Perform the expression evaluation using stack for the given expression. $(3+5 * 6)+(2 * 10)$.
(ii) Write about separate chaining with suitable example.
23. (a) Construct binary search tree with the elements: $34,30,36,28,43,40,29,32$. Perform in-order, pre-order, and post-order traversals. Also, perform the insertion of 45,5 into the existing tree. Provide the pseudo code for the insertion.

## (OR)

(b) Write about the priority queues and its operations in detail. Showcase an (10) 3 example for the operations.
(OR)
(5) 24
24. (a) Write a routine to find a shortest path between two given vertices in a weighted (10) 4
directed graph. Use it to find the shortest path between A and F in the following
graph.

(OR)
(b) Find a minimum spanning tree for the given graph by considering D as a starting node using Prim's algorithm.


How do backtracking is applicable in n-queens problem. Explain your
(10) 5 4 views with suitable example.

## (OR)

Explain the branch and bound with an example.
(10) 5

## PART- C ( $1 \times 10=10$ Marks $)$

(Q.No. 26 is compulsory)
$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Marks } & \text { CO } & \text { RBT } \\ & & \text { LEVEL } \\ (10) & 2 & 5\end{array}$
Describe why it is a bad idea to implement a linked list version as queue which uses the head of the list as the rear of the queue.

