Q. Code: 139763

Reg. No.							

B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2023

Second Semester

MA22252 – APPLIED MATHEMATICS II FOR MARINE ENGINEERS

(*Marine Engineering*)

(Regulation 2022)

MAX. MARKS: 100

COURSE OUTCOMES	STATEMENT	RBT LEVEL
CO 1	Apply the basic concepts of ordinary differential equations and its applications in marine engineering problems.	3
CO 2	Apply various techniques in solving differential equations.	3
CO 3	Solve gradient, divergence and curl of a vector point function and related identities, evaluation of line, surface and volume integrals using Gauss, Stokes and Green's theorems.	3
CO 4	Recognize fundamental properties of analytic functions and construct simple conformal maps.	3
CO 5	Apply Laplace transforms to solve differential equation.	3

TIME: 3 HOURS

PART- A (20 x 2 = 40 Marks)

(Answer all Questions)

		CO	RBT LEVEL
1.	Solve $x^{-4} \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-3y}$	1	2
2.	Form the differential equation from the following equation $y = A_1 \cos 3x + A_2 \sin 3x$	1	2
3.	Find the integrating factor of $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = x$	1	2
4.	Find the general solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1+y^2}{1+x^2}$	1	2
5.	Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0.$	2	2
6.	Find the Particular Integral of $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = e^{2x+3}$	2	2
7.	Solve $(D^2 - 4)y = 2$.	2	2
8.	Solve $(x^2 D^2 - x D + 1) y = 0$	2	2
9.	Determine the constant 'a' such that the vector $\vec{F} = (x + z)\vec{i} + (3x + ay)\vec{j} + (3x + ay)\vec{j}$	3	2
	$(x - 5z)\vec{k}$ has its divergence to be zero.	U	-
10.	What is the greatest rate of increase of $\phi = x y z^2$ at (1, 0, 3)?	3	2
11.	Prove that $\vec{F} = x^2 \vec{i} + y^2 \vec{j} + z^2 \vec{k}$ is a conservative vector field.	3	2
12.	Find a unit normal to the surface $x^2y + 2xz^2 = 8$ at the point (1,0,2).	3	2
13.	Is $f(z) = z^3 + z$ is analytic? Justify.	4	2
14.	Show that $u = 2x - x^3 + 3xy^2$ is harmonic.	4	2
15.	Show that an analytic function with constant real part is constant.	4	2
16.	Find the invariant points of $f(z) = z^2$	4	2
17.	Find $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \sin 2t dt$	5	2

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18.	Find L $[t^2 e^{-2t}]$		5	2
19.	Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s+4)^2}\right)$		5	2
20.	Verify the final value theorem for $f(t) = 3e^{-2t}$		5	2
	PART- B (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)			
	$\mathbf{I} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{D} \left(\mathbf{S} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{U} - \mathbf{S} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{S} \right)$	Marks	CO	RBT
		WIAI KS	co	LEVEL
21. (a)	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{y}{x} \sec^2 \frac{y}{x} - \tan \frac{y}{x}\right) \cos^2 \frac{y}{x}$	(10)	1	3
	(OR)			
(b)	Find the orthogonal trajectory of the cardioids $r = a(1 - cos\theta)$	(10)	1	3
22. (a)	Solve $(D^2 + a^2)y = \tan ax$ by method of variation of parameter.	(10)	2	3
	(OR)			
(b)		(10)	2	3
23. (a)	Show that $\vec{F} = (6xy + z^3)\vec{i} + (3x^2 - z)\vec{j} + (3xz^2 - y)\vec{k}$ is irrotational	(10)	3	3
	and find its scalar potential.			
(b)	(OR)	(10)	2	2
(b)	Verify Green's theorem for $\int_C (x^2 dx + xy dy)$ where C is the curve in the	(10)	3	3
	<i>XY</i> plane given by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x = a$, $y = a$ ($a > 0$).			
24. (a)	Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points -1 , 0, 1 in the z plane	(10)	4	3
	onto the points 0, <i>i</i> , 3 <i>i</i> in the <i>w</i> plane.			
	(OR)			
(b)		(10)	4	3
	$u = e^{x}(xcosy - ysiny)$			
25. (a)	Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions using	(10)	5	3
	convolution theorem $\frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$			
(b)	(OR) Solve the following differential equations using Laplace transform	(10)	5	3
(U)	y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0 given that $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 1$	(10)	0	Ũ
	DADT $C(1 + 10 - 10 M_{outro})$			
	$\frac{PART-C (1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})}{(Q.\text{No.26 is compulsory})}$			
		Marks	CO	RBT LEVEL
26.	Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{x}\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{12logx}{x^2}$	(10)	2	
	$dx^2 \cdot x dx \qquad x^2$			
